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THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1905.

FOR SALE—Twenty acres, with Maricopa water; close in; good improvements. E. E. Pascoe, 110 North Center St.

FIFTEENTH YEAR.

VOL. XV. NO. 364

NEW SQUADRON

Russians Have Ready to Send to the Far East

IT WILL TURN THE SCALE

In Case Rojstvensky and Togo Find Themselves Equally Crippled After the Coming Titanic Engagement. The Supposed Salvation of Russia.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The naval game in the far east is watched with intense interest but the admiralty is able to throw little light on the situation. It gives no confirmation of the Tokio report that Admiral Rojstvensky returned to Hong Kong Bay. The Russian admiral is keeping his movements and plans secret, not communicating even with the home authorities.

Many wild reports emanating from Tokio are attributed to the agitated state of mind of the Japanese over the result of the coming battle. The story that sailors from the crews of the interned Russian ships at Shanghai are being sent to complete a complement of Rojstvensky's fleet is non-sensical as is the previous story that a large number of mercenaries were shipped at Madagascar.

The admiralty considers that there is no harm in divulging the fact that Rojstvensky's ships are overmanned instead of undermanned as when they left Libau there was still a hope that the Chilean and Argentine warships could be purchased and portions of the crews designed for them were carried on board the Russian fleet.

Many naval men incline to the opinion that Rojstvensky will pass out of the China sea into the Pacific through Ballantyne Channel north of the Island of Luzon, Philippine Islands, and give Formosa a wide berth instead of sailing through the 200 mile stretch of straits of Formosa in which the Russians might be subject to a torpedo attack.

Another division of reinforcements for Rojstvensky is almost ready at Cronstadt and will be sent out under command of Rear Admiral Pannegon. It will consist of two fine new battleships, the Slava and Emperor Alexander II, two cruisers, a torpedo cruiser, a gunboat, a transport and several minor units. The division is now engaged in speed trials and maneuvering off Cronstadt. The appearance of this reserve division in the far east in course of the summer should the hostile fleets suffer equally in the coming battle is counted on to give Russia the necessary decisive preponderance on the sea. The possession of this division, naval men believe, may eventually prove Russia's salvation.

WHEN LAST HEARD FROM. London, May 15.—A dispatch to the

Associated Press from Saigon that the Russian fleet had sailed northward from the vicinity of Hong Kong Bay early in the morning of May 14, is the latest news available in London regarding the movements of Vice Admiral Rojstvensky.

The dispatch from Hong Kong to the Daily Mail says that Hamilton King, the American minister at Bangkok, who is a passenger on the steamer Pittsboro, states that on May 11 the steamer passed fourteen Russian warships twenty four miles north of Kamranh Bay.

MANUFACTURERS MEET.

Assemblage of the National Association at Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., May 16.—The annual gathering of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States representing more than three quarters of the thirteen billions of invested capital of this country, assembled here today. Three hundred members were in attendance. The first thing on the agenda was the annual address of President D. M. Parry of Indianapolis.

The report of Secretary Cushing of New York, reviewed at length the work of the association under various descriptive heads.

STOCKS SLIDING DOWN

A Far Eastern Reason for an Advance in Wheat.

New York, May 16.—Some considerable declines were effected in prices of stocks in course of an hour's business after the opening and a creeping upward movement followed for most of the day.

GRAIN

Chicago, May 16.—An unconfirmed report that Germany had seized an extensive bay on the coast of China, was the reason for a strong wheat market here today. The market opened strong July at 78 1/2 to 87 1/2 cts. Highest point of the day was reached at 88 3/4. The close was firm with July 87 1/2 cts. May corn opened at 51 1/2 to 53 cts. Sold up to 54 and closed at 53 cts. July oats opened at 29 1/2 to 29 3/4 cts. Sold up to 29 3/4 cts. and closed at 29 3/4 cts.

METALS.

New York, May 16.—Copper was again easy abroad closing at 64 1/2 for both spot and futures. Locally, the market is quiet and shows little attraction. It being still reported that business can be done very close to inside prices. Lake is quoted at 15 1/2 to 15 3/4 cts. electrolytic at 15 1/2 to 15 3/4 cts. changed at 12 1/2 to 13 cts. in London and at 14 1/2 to 15 cts. in London and at 14 1/2 to 15 cts. locally.

Splitter was higher 23, 12s. 6d in the London market but continued easy in the local market with spot closing at \$5.00@5.50.

Silver 57 1/2 cts; Mexican dollars 44 1/2 cts.

CATTLE AND SHEEP.

Chicago, May 16.—Receipts 4,000, market steady to weak; good to prime steers \$5.75@5.85; poor to medium \$4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders \$2.80@5.30; cows \$3.00@5.25; heifers \$3.00@5.55; canners \$1.50@2.40; bulls \$2.75@4.75; calves \$3.00@7.00.

Sheep receipts 13,000; sheep 10c higher; lambs ten cents higher; good to choice wethers shorn \$4.90@5.25; fair to choice mixed shorn \$3.50@4.50; western sheep shorn \$4.00@4.75; lambs shorn \$5.00@5.50; western lambs \$5.00@5.75.

WOOL.

Boston, May 16.—New strength is taken on daily by the wool market and conditions are followed with acute interest.

Pulled wools have sold well, especially "A" supers and fine "A's." Foreign grades are firm.

HIGH DEFENSE RESTS

It Is Thought That a Verdict Will Be Reached This Week.

Chicago, May 16.—The defense in the trial of Johann Hoch charged with wife murder, rested its case today. It is expected that a verdict will be reached on Saturday. To rebut the testimony of Dr. Kolisher, the expert of the defense, in regard to symptoms of arsenical poisoning, Dr. Meyer, Professor of De La Fontaine, Heaton and W. S. Haines were called. All denied that the symptoms given by Dr. Kolisher as necessary to death by arsenical poisoning need be present in the corpse of a person who had died by poison administered a short time before death.

In analyzing the evidence for the jury States Attorney Healey pictured Hoch as a cold blooded murderer. Attorney Healey dwelt on the sufferings of Mrs. Walcker Hoch in her last moments and pictured Hoch flinching and waiting for the end. Pointing an accusing finger at the prisoner the states attorney denounced Hoch as a scheming murderer, a fiend and a criminal of the lowest type.

Hoch shifted uneasily at the scathing words of the prosecuting attorney, and continually shook his head as though to deny the accusation.

ERICKSON'S LONG TERM

The Attempting Wife Slayer Goes to Yuma for Eight Years.

Tucson, May 16.—(Special.)—Charles Erickson, better known as Kid Erickson, lately found guilty of assault with intent to commit murder in shooting at his wife last fall, was taken to Yuma tonight by Sheriff Pacheco to serve out a term of eight years. When the sentence was made known to Erickson he collapsed but by the time of his departure he had gathered himself together.

Word reached the city today that (Yank) Bartlett was run over and killed by a wagon at Oro Blanco yesterday. Bartlett was one of the quietest residents of the county and for several years was engaged in freighting and mining. For years he was associated with another man by the name of Hank and they were known throughout the territory as Yank and Hank. The latter died some years ago.

The trial of the Steinfeld-Zeckendorf case in which an accounting was sought by Zeckendorf of \$550,000 received by Steinfeld for the Silver Bell mining properties was begun here today.

SLOWING DOWN

Teamsters' Strike Almost Ready to Stop

THE LEADERS ARE TIRING

A Declaration by Mayor Dunne That the Militia Will Be Called Upon to Repress Disorders—A Strictly Educational Affair.

Chicago, May 16.—Although no facts have yet transpired to fully warrant the prediction, it is asserted both by the members of the employers' association and by the conservative element in the ranks of the teamsters that the present strike will be called off probably within forty-eight hours and certainly by the end of the week. It is not likely that any definite action looking to an adjustment of trouble will be taken before the meeting of the national officers of the teamsters union, which, it is expected will be held here tomorrow.

Chief among the causes which led to a prediction of a settlement are the firm stand taken by both Mayor Dunne when in conference with President Shea and officers of the local teamsters union he assured them that any further spread of the strike would certainly make it necessary for him to call for troops and the arrival of President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, who reached the city this evening.

Although not possessed of executive power in the settlement of the strike, President Gompers declared that he had every hope that its end was not far distant.

"It was my intention to come to Chicago anyway, at the end of this week," said Mr. Gompers, "but after holding a conversation over the telephone with Mr. Shea yesterday, I decided to anticipate my visit somewhat and come at once. I certainly shall do all in my power to end the strike and I have great hopes of success."

Early tonight, immediately after leaving his train, President Gompers went into conference with President Shea and local officials of the teamsters union. The conference lasted until a late hour tonight.

The employers' association and the vigorous faction increased their scope of delivery still further today. More than 2000 wagons were in use and business for the most part was transmitted without hindrance of any kind. There were a few cases of small rioting which were dispersed by a few policemen and two used their clubs in the vigorous fashion. The merchants and department stores are confident that they will be able to extend their operations still further tomorrow and have a least 2,300 wagons in full service. Three hundred and fifty men were brought into the city today to take the place of the strikers and as many more are expected tomorrow.

At the hearing before Master in Chancery Sherman, where evidence is being taken, relative to the federal injunctions, F. K. Buckminster, superintendent of a private detective agency cited fully two dozen instances where assaults had been committed on non-union men and the federal injunction was violated. He gave the names and localities and asserted that the majority of rioters were wearing buttons of the teamsters union. Attorneys for the defendant made vigorous objection to admission of his testimony, but the master allowed it to go in.

Claude V. Boller, manager of the tailoring division of Montgomery, Ward and company, told at length the troubles leading up to the strike of the garment makers. He said that he was sympathetic toward the strikers, but that the strike was called, he said, because Montgomery, Ward and company insisted upon sending a part of their work to "open shops."

John H. Donahue, guard on a United States express wagon, which was used after the commencement of the teamsters strike for the transport of government money, evaded many questions put to him by attorneys for the plaintiffs on the ground that he did not wish to incriminate himself. It was sought to show by Donahue that he had been provided by the union with a pass allowing the passage through the streets with the money. But he refused to make such admission. He did not deny that he had such a pass, neither would he admit it. The attorneys engaged in a long wrangle over the admissibility of Donahue's evidence and were still quarrelling when the proceedings were adjourned until tomorrow.

At a meeting of the board of education tonight warrants were sworn out for eight boys who have been leaders in the recent strikes at the schools in sympathy with the strike of the teamsters. It was announced by the superintendent of compulsory education that he had evidence that a majority of the strikes at the schools had been instigated by hoodlums, who had told the pupils that it was their duty to refuse to attend school, because the schools were buying coal of the wrong firms. Threat of the arrest of parents whose children did not attend school, had the effect of settling three of the strikes today, and a normal attendance of pupils is expected tomorrow.

"UNFAIR COAL."

Why Chicago School Children Took Part in the Strike.

Fifteen hundred pupils of the Graham school at Forty-sixth and Union streets struck this morning because they claimed that "unfair coal" had been delivered to the school. Pupils of the fallen school at Forty-second and Wallace streets also struck for the same cause. Several policemen were sent to the schools to maintain order.

The strikes of school children who have quit by hundreds in sympathy with the teamsters will be dealt with sternly according to the president of the board of education. It is alleged that in many cases the parents rather than the children are responsible for the strike. Arrest and prosecution are threatened parents who permit their children to strike.

A large consignment of strike breakers arrived in the city this morning many deserting upon the arrival. Striking messenger boys paraded the streets today.

MISS BOOTH'S BIG MEETING.

A Great Outpouring at Kansas City to Hear the Commander.

Kansas City, May 16.—Commander Eva Booth of the Salvation arm arrived here today, a larger audience than her father spoke to here, and which he said was the largest meeting ever held by the army outside of London.

United States Senator William Warren delivered an address of welcome and a chorus of 2000 sang. Miss Booth is much distressed over the report cable to London that she had broken down completely and she insisted on speaking tonight, although unwell, to refute this report.

TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH

Importance of New Work It Is Now Undertaking.

It is a matter for general congratulation that Arizona people, and especially the medical practitioners of the territory, are beginning to take an interest in the affairs of the territorial board of health as a necessary safeguard to the general health and welfare of the people. The thing that has most handicapped not only the Arizona board but the boards of many states is a dearth of reliable data and statistical information. In this direction, there are needs peculiar to each state or territory, and in Arizona there are perhaps more requirements of a special nature than anywhere.

The southern states have the menace of yellow fever. All coast points have to keep a sharp lookout for the bubonic plague and other diseases that may be brought in by immigration. Arizona has few of these things to contend with but there is here a great variety of climates with differing conditions, and a constant menace from smallpox and other contagious diseases, though there is none in the territory now so far as the writer is informed. Arizona has become almost a national sanitarium. For those afflicted with the various lung troubles and there is no data covering the number of cases that seek refuge here annually, no statistical record of the result of any form of treatment or all treatments combined, but little known in the laws and regulations of the various communities, that affect either the sick or the well people who have to contend with these things. In addition to the above, and numerous other deficiencies that might be pointed out, Arizona is the home of many poisonous insects, reptiles and varmints, and a few sections of the south-west, such as Gila monsters, scorpions, centipedes, hydrophobia, skunks, tarantulas, rattlesnakes, vinagorones, etc. These things are of course but small menace to human life for they are not nearly so prevalent nor so dangerous in many cases as popularly believed. Nevertheless they are dangerous in some degree and the worst feature of the situation is that there is very little reliable information available on such subjects, so that the physician knows but little more about such things than the laity. When a man is brought to town bitten supposedly by a hydrophobia skunk or a Gila monster the treatment is necessarily experimental in a large degree for there are few reliable precedents on which judgment may be formed.

All this is prefatory to the statement that the present board has been busily engaged for a long time in systematizing its work and preparing to compile such information as may be of benefit to physicians and therefore to the people generally.

The territorial health officer sometime ago addressed a circular letter to perhaps a couple of hundred physicians and others who might be considered authoritative sources of information, asking them to furnish the board their experiences in the treatment of wounds made by such natural enemies of man as are cited above, together with their observations in cases they were not interested in and any information that might be relevant to the subject. The health officer has received numerous replies to this circular letter and the facts related will be properly compiled for the issuance of a pamphlet or bulletin on the subject at some later date.

Another circular letter was sent out seeking statistical information in the hope that some system may be evolved which it may be determined how many people come to Arizona annually for lung trouble, the nature of their afflictions, the methods of treatment, the results obtained, and all information of a similar character that may prove of value.

An early response to this circular was the receipt of a printed circular of several pages issued by the Pima county board of health and the Tucson city board of health. It is designed to educate both the sick and the well on the causes of consumption and methods for preventing its spread on the theory of fighting by prevention, and appealing to those afflicted to aid in keeping others from infection. The key note of it is "No Spit, No Consumption" an injunction it appeals to every sick person particularly to heed, as a duty to his race. It is a brief but a valuable little folder and there should be a hundred thousand of them distributed in Arizona annually for their moral effect.

It is likely that eventually bulletins on the subject of Arizona's sick visitors

statistical, sanitary, etc., will be issued when the data has been secured.

No doubt it will be found that there is need of the enactment of further laws, or the repeal of some already on the books, or enforcement of regulations to make present laws effective. But whatever may result, the work of the medical board is just now in a state of evolution. The active principle is getting busy and only good can result.

The health officer is very much pleased with the hearty responses he has received thus far to his circular letters and feels that he will have the co-operation and the support of the laity, when the importance of the work is appreciated.

UNVAILING OF A MONUMENT.

By Which the Name of General Forrest will be Perpetuated.

Memphis, Tenn., May 16.—To the accompaniment of martial music and in the presence of thousands of citizens and visitors, the statue of Lieutenant General Nathan B. Forrest was unveiled this afternoon in the park that bears the confederate chieftain's name. Little Miss Bradley, the great granddaughter of the dead hero pulled the silver cord which exposed to view the monument.

Captain W. M. Forrest, son of General Forrest, and his family, Col. D. C. Kelly of Nashville, and the surviving members of General Forrest's old staff were present. General S. T. Cranes gave a history of the monument and General George W. Gordon delivered the dedicatory address.

THE OCEAN YACHT RACE

Fog Made It Necessary to Postpone the Start Until Today.

New York, May 16.—Eight of the eleven yachts which had been entered for a 2,000 mile race across the Atlantic Ocean for the \$5,000 cup, offered by the German emperor lay snugly at anchor within the shelter of Sandy Hook tonight, until the start of the race had been postponed until noon tomorrow because of the fog. A dense blanket of mist hung all day over the Hook and the coast outside, where the start was to have been made, and at nightfall there was nothing to indicate clearer weather tomorrow.

The smallest yacht in the fleet, the American schooner, Fleuer de Lis, owned by Dr. Lewis A. Stimson of the New York Yacht club, was run down by a scow in tow while the yacht was at anchor in the Lower Bay before daylight today. She was towed into Erie Basin and the damage was repaired. Dr. Stimson announced that he would be ready to start in the race tomorrow. The start of the race had been set for 2:15 p. m. but at that hour only six of the yachts lay at shore within the laws and regulations of the various communities, that affect either the sick or the well people who have to contend with these things. In addition to the above, and numerous other deficiencies that might be pointed out, Arizona is the home of many poisonous insects, reptiles and varmints, and a few sections of the south-west, such as Gila monsters, scorpions, centipedes, hydrophobia, skunks, tarantulas, rattlesnakes, vinagorones, etc. These things are of course but small menace to human life for they are not nearly so prevalent nor so dangerous in many cases as popularly believed. Nevertheless they are dangerous in some degree and the worst feature of the situation is that there is very little reliable information available on such subjects, so that the physician knows but little more about such things than the laity. When a man is brought to town bitten supposedly by a hydrophobia skunk or a Gila monster the treatment is necessarily experimental in a large degree for there are few reliable precedents on which judgment may be formed.

The government tug Vigilant, with Commander Hobbs in command, of the navy, the emperor's official representative on board, joined the fleet and two excursion steamers heavily loaded with passengers and a dozen yachts, circled about among racers as they lay at anchor, while their passengers cheered the American, British and German craft impartially and their bands saluted with the "Yacht Am Bann." "Rule Britannia," or "Yankee Doodle."

Charles Barr was on board the big three master Atlantic and his splendid record of victories in the America's cup defenders together with the fact that the yacht is known to be able and speedy, lead many to regard her as a likely winner. Meantime the fog held thick, slowing after 3 p. m. the British and Alisa arrived and joined the fleet. At 3:10 the committee boat went alongside the Valhalla and notified the earl of Crawford that the race would be postponed until noon tomorrow. The other yachts were notified by the committee boat and were quickly anchored down for all night. All are expected to be at the starting line tomorrow.

After consultation, tonight it was agreed that an operation was necessary to arrest threatened gangrene. He is suffering tonight but the doctors' bulletin reports that his condition is favorable.

HIS CONDITION ALARMING.

Havan, May 16.—The governor of Santiago tonight telegraphed that the condition of General Gomez is alarming.

GOMEZ IS DYING.

An Accumulation of Injuries Received in the Liberation of Cuba.

Santiago de Cuba, May 16.—General Maximo Gomez is dangerously ill with nephritis. The general's extreme age and the results of the many wounds he received in his campaign for the liberation of Cuba complicate his trouble. He has been in an operation for an abscess a week ago, but suffered a relapse yesterday. His family have been summoned and will arrive here tomorrow.

MEXICO'S MONETARY REFORM.

The Governments Plan for Enhancing the Currency.

Mexico City, Mex., May 16.—The government has forbidden banks to hold silver bars as a basis of note issue the bars being no longer at the option of holders capable of conversion into pesos.

No new charters of banks for note issues will be granted until after December 1905. This is done to enhance the value of currency as contemplated in the plan of monetary reform.

BEEF AND FRUIT

Interest of the Armours in the Latter

TWIN INVESTIGATIONS

A Statement Before the Senate Committee Relative to Exclusive Contracts for Transportation of Fruit. The Grand Jury Searching Out.

Washington, May 16.—Before the senate committee on interstate commerce investigating railroad rates, President Geo. R. Robbins of the Armour car lines company today admitted that the company had twenty or thirty exclusive contracts with railroads for fruit transportation business and acknowledged a monopoly of that traffic in parts of the west and south. Wherever these exclusive contracts applied, he admitted that producers and shippers of fruit had to accept the rates laid down by the Armours. He claimed that his company was a private one and therefore not subject to interstate commerce laws.

Mr. Robbins, who was the star witness of the day and appeared to continue his testimony of yesterday was closely examined by the committee regarding the operation of the Armour interests. These exclusive contracts with the railroads, he said, were generally private contracts, though exhibited when requested. He asserted that the Armours do not get any advantages over the packers in these cars. Replying to Chairman Elkins, the witness said that his company did not want to be subject to interstate commerce laws.

Mr. Robbins denied that the Armours were interested in any of the fruit companies in California, or that the Armours had a monopoly for the transportation of California fruit, acknowledging, however, that his company has a monopoly of fruit transportation in the Pecos Marquette region and in Georgia and Florida. The Armours, he admitted, had exclusive contracts with all the south Atlantic coast railroads, exclusive contracts in east Tennessee and on certain roads in Missouri and Arkansas on the Southern Pacific road.

The Santa Fe was a competing line in the fruit business in California. Fruit producers and shippers on these exclusive lines had to accept the rates of the Armour company, but Mr. Robbins said that satisfied eighty per cent of the shippers.

THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

Chicago, May 16.—An attempt was made at today's session of the federal grand jury which is investigating the affairs of the beef packing industry to show that the cattle buyers for packing concerns and certain commission houses met each morning and agreed upon the price to be paid for live stock during the day. Evidence along this line was sought from C. B. Vannorman, head of the Vannorman Commission company and S. P. Ingerson of Roswell, a commission concern, who were on the stand all afternoon.

THE BASE BALL FIELDS

Results in Several League and Association Contests.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—R.H.E.
Chicago.....0 2 2
New York.....4 5 0
Batteries—Reinbach and Kilgus; Ames and Brosnahan.
At Brooklyn—R.H.E.
Pittsburg.....9 14 0
Brooklyn.....7 11 5
Batteries—Lynch, Case and Carisat; Jones, Stricklett and Bergen.

At Philadelphia—R.H.E.
St. Louis.....11 12 0
Philadelphia.....8 15 1
Batteries—Aylor and Grady; Sparks, Caldwell, Corridon, Doin and Abbott.
At Boston—Cincinnati-Boston game postponed, wet grounds.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—R.H.E.
St. Louis.....2 8 1
New York.....3 7 1
Batteries—Howell and Weaver; Powell and Kleinow.
At Cleveland—Cleveland-Boston game postponed, rain.
At Detroit—Detroit-Washington game postponed, rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Omaha—Omaha-St. Joseph game postponed, rain.
At Sioux City—Sioux City-Coronado Springs game postponed, rain.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 7, Columbus 6.
At St. Paul—St. Paul-Louisville game postponed, rain.
At Minneapolis—Indianapolis-Minneapolis game postponed, wet grounds.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee 6, Toledo 1.

A GERMAN MOVE.

The Reported Capture of Part of the Chinese Coast.

Tokio, May 16.—It is semi-officially announced that the government has received conflicting reports relating to the alleged seizure of Hainan by Germans. Pending full and correct information the government will refrain from discussing the incident.

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SPECIAL SUMMER SESSION

Of the Lamson Business College will begin on Monday, June 5. All recitations held between 8 a. m. and 12 m. Students study at home in the afternoon. Gregg, Graham, Dement, Barnes, Munson or any pitman system of shorthand taught. Touch typewriting. Classes in all commercial subjects. A thorough course in English. No vacations.

MONDAY, JUNE 5.

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